CATALYST BIOSCIENCES

Corporate Overview 23 June 2021

CatalystBiosciences.com

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Nasdaq: CBIO



Forward looking statements

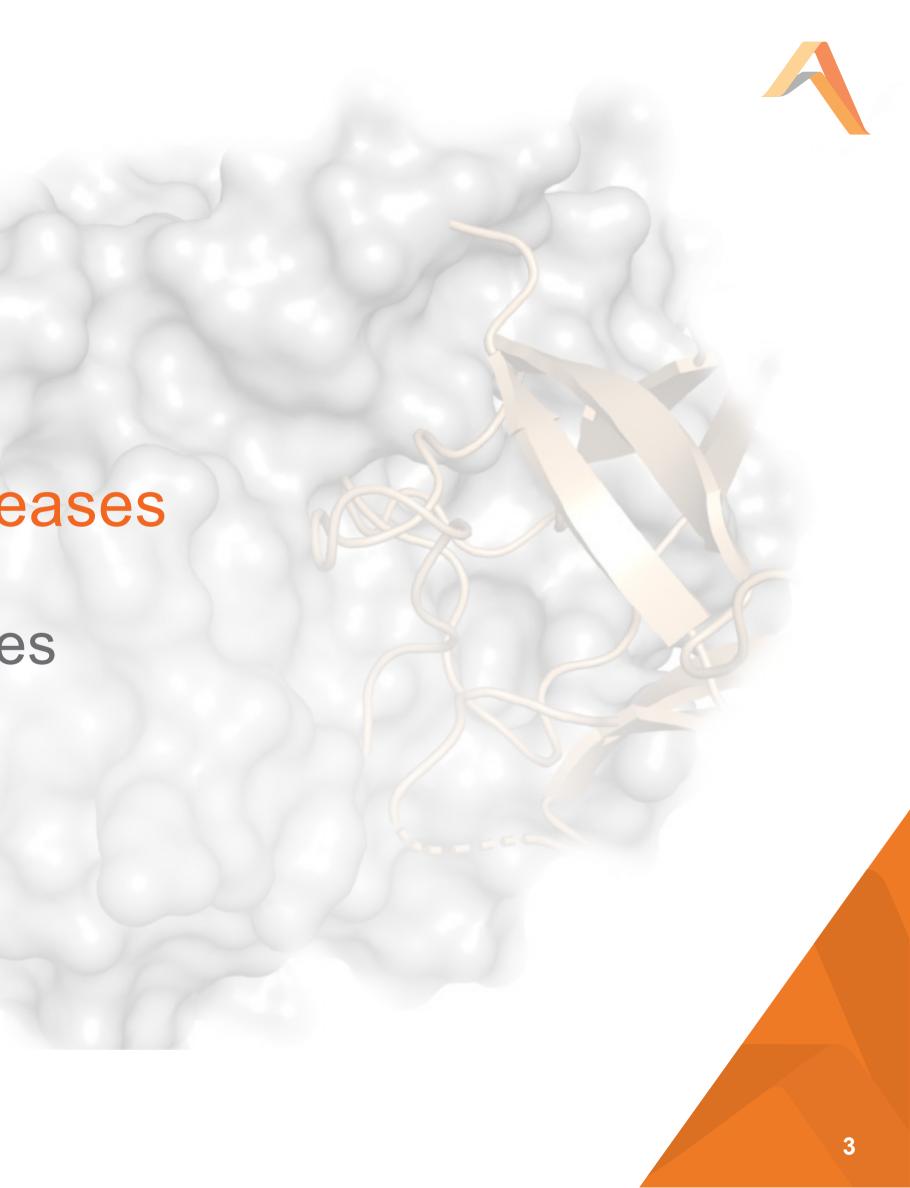
Certain information contained in this presentation and statements made orally during this presentation include forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. All statements included in this presentation, other than statements of historical facts, are forwardlooking statements. Forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements about the product candidates of Catalyst Biosciences, Inc. (the "Company") and the benefits of its protease engineering platform, potential markets for and advantages of MarzAA and DalcA; plans to enroll a pivotal Phase 3 registration study of MarzAA; the dosing of a first patient in a Phase 1/2 trial in patients with FVII Deficiency, Glanzmann Thrombasthenia, and patients treated with Hemlibra; MarzAA as possibly the first prophylactic for FVII Deficiency and Glanzmann Thrombasthenia; the potential for MarzAA and DalcA to effectively and therapeutically treat hemophilia subcutaneously; projected complement market opportunity, solution to fundamental shortcomings in current treatment options, plans to enroll the CB 4332 observational trial in the Company's complement program in mid-2021, and ongoing updates related to CB 4322 and the C4b degrader.

Actual results or events could differ materially from the plans, intentions, expectations and projections disclosed in the forward-looking statements. Various important factors could cause actual results or events to differ materially, including, but not limited to, the risk that trials and studies may be delayed as a result of COVID-19 and other factors, that trials may not have satisfactory outcomes, that human trials will not replicate the results from earlier trials, the risk that costs required to develop or manufacture the Company's products will be higher than anticipated, including as a result of delays in development and manufacturing resulting from COVID-19 and other factors, the risk that Biogen will terminate its agreement with the Company, competition and other risks described in the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 4, 2021, on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on May 6, 2021, and in other filings with the SEC. The forward-looking statements in this presentation represent the Company's view as of the date of this presentation and the Company does not assume any obligation to update any forwardlooking statements, except as required by law.





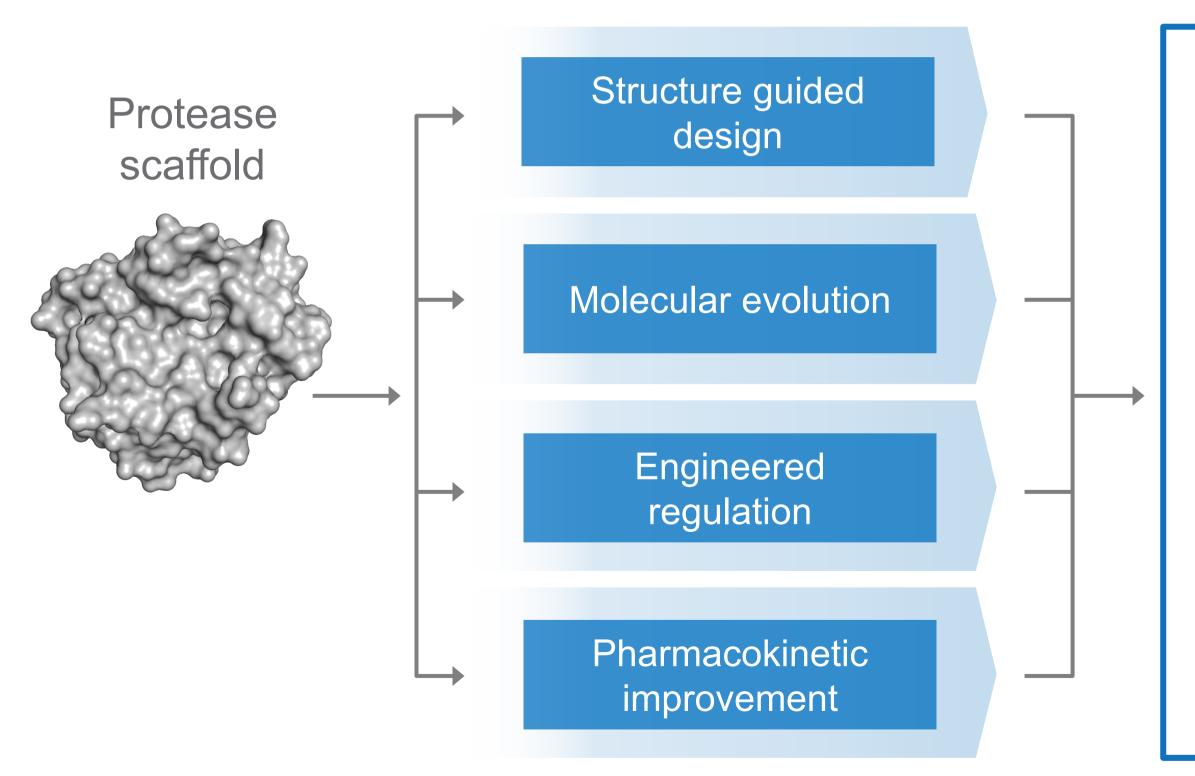
- The Protease Medicines Company
- Harnessing the catalytic power of proteases
- Novel differentiated protease medicines
- Robust complement portfolio
- Clinical-stage hemophilia assets
- Solution Late-stage asset in Phase 3



Catalyst's protease platform generates differentiated therapeutics

Unique expertise in protease biology enables design of optimized protease therapeutics

Discovery platform

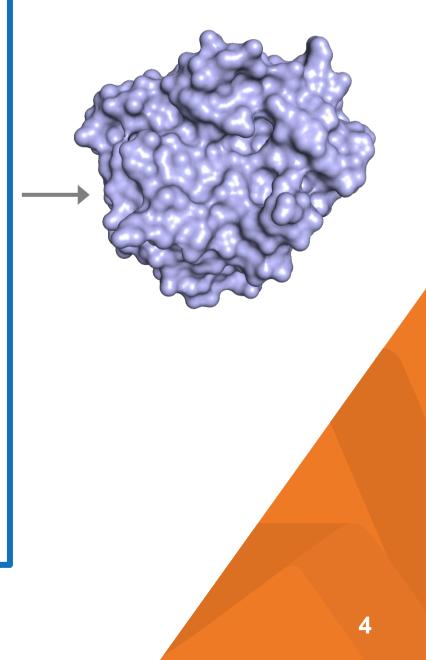




Our proteases

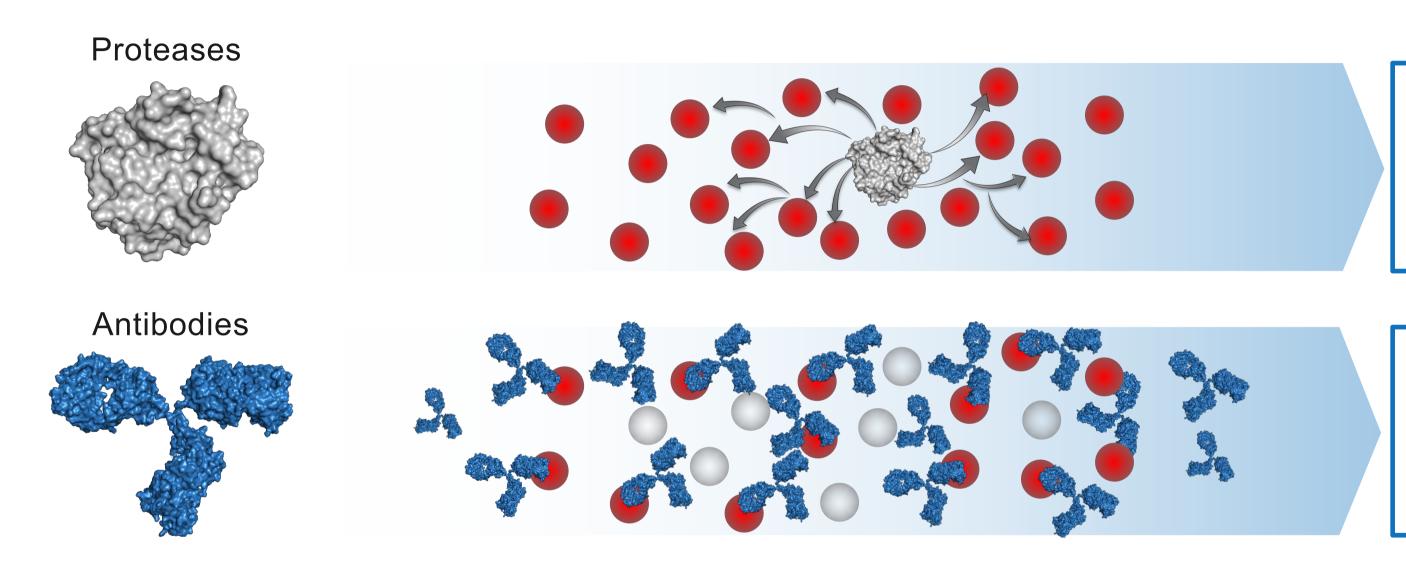
- + Functionally enhance natural proteases in the complement & coagulation cascades
- Engineer novel protein degraders in the complement cascade
- Modulate or target + biological activation or inactivation

Therapeutic protease

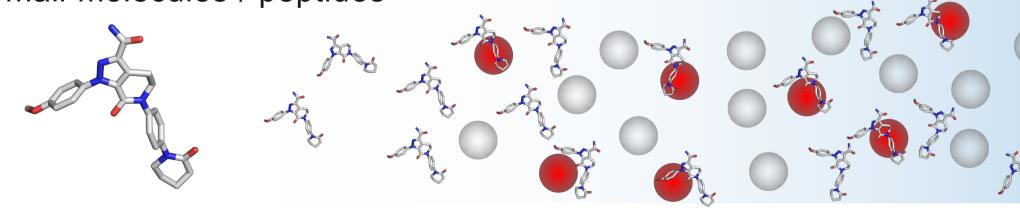


Proteases are ideal for high abundancy targets & cascades

A better way to regulate biological processes compared with antibodies & small molecules



Small molecules / peptides



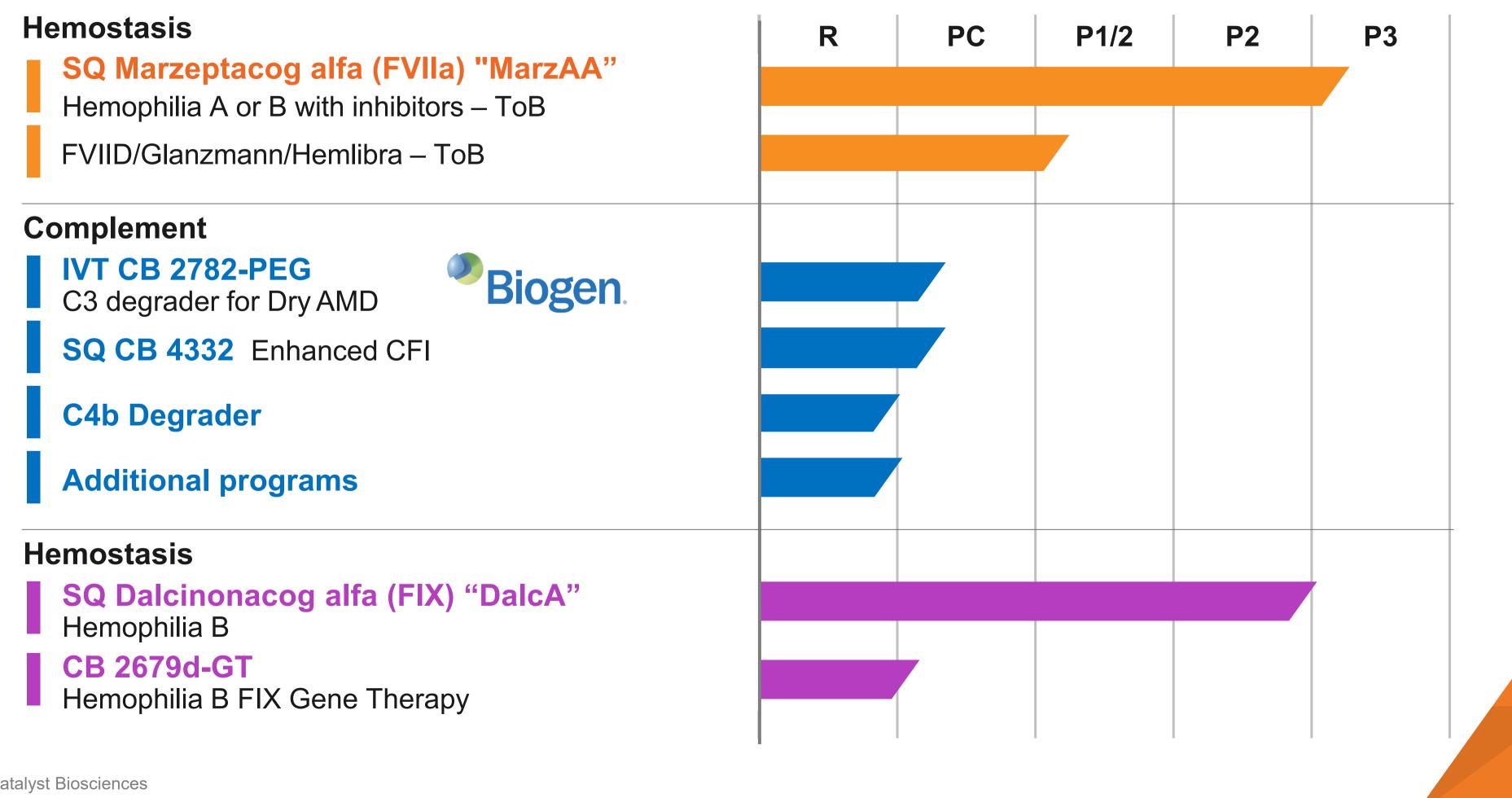


Efficient regulation at low concentrations of therapeutic protease

Requires high concentrations in excess of the target

Requires high concentrations & frequent dosing

Pipeline

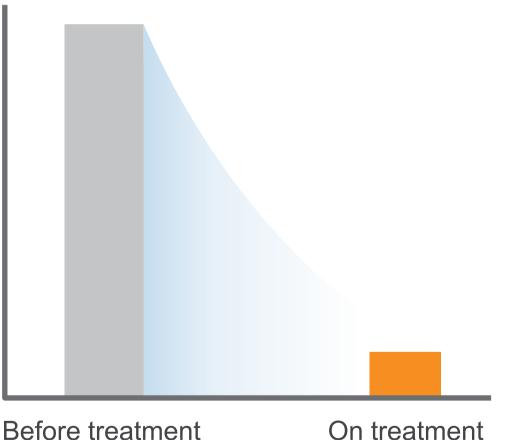




Clinical & partnering success of the CBIO protease platform

Marzeptacog alfa (activated)

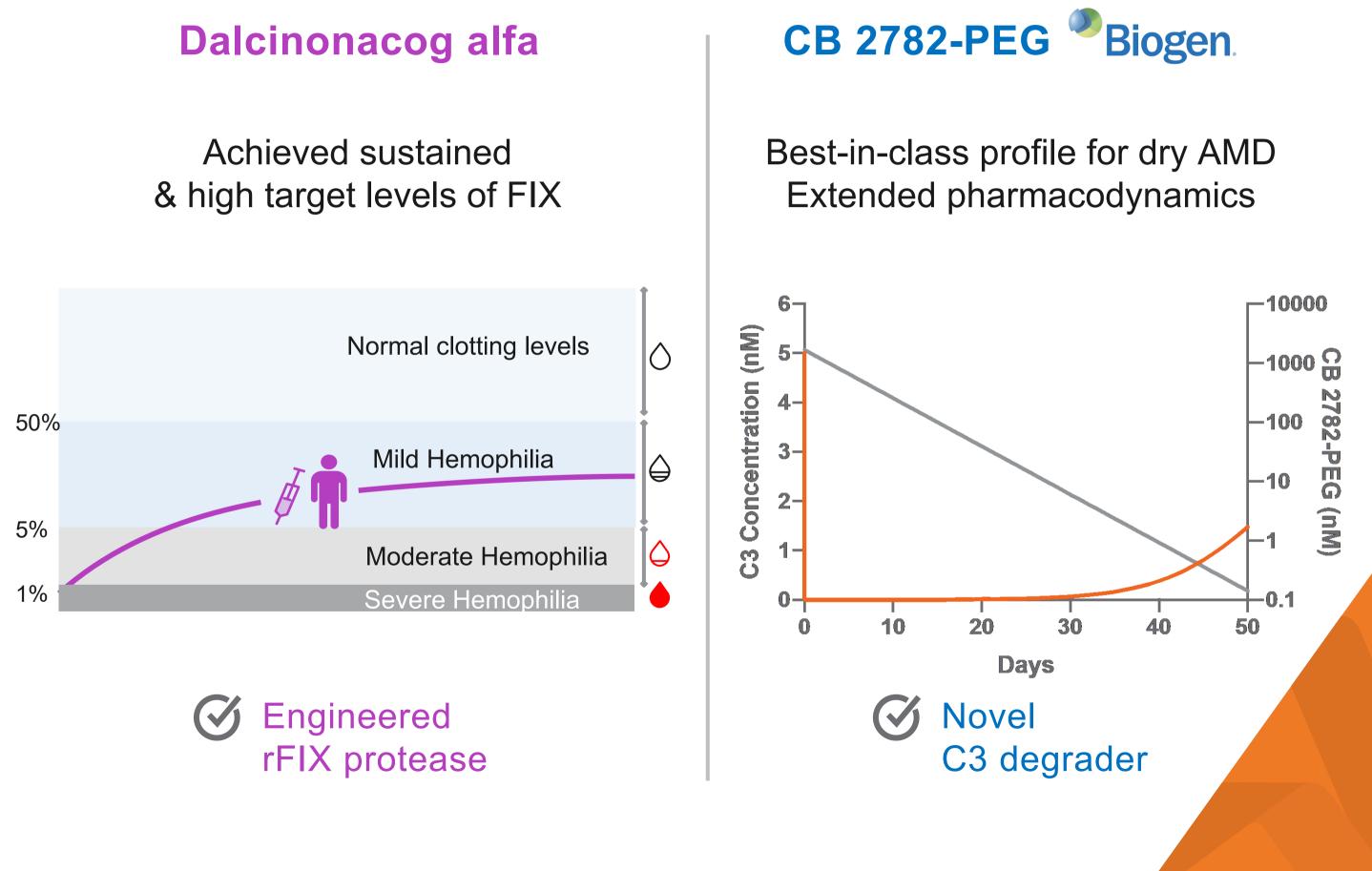
90% reduction in annualized bleed rate

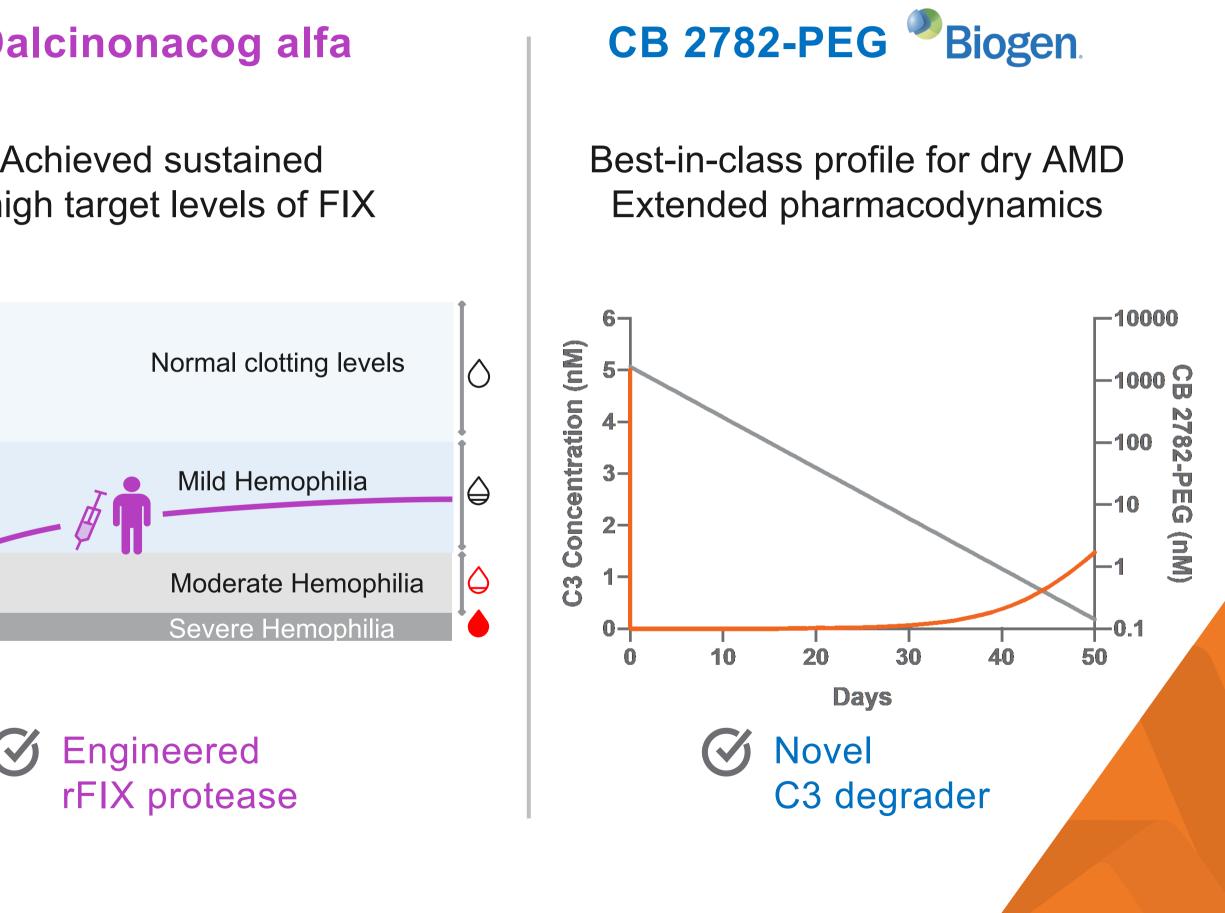


Before treatment

Engineered rFVIIa protease

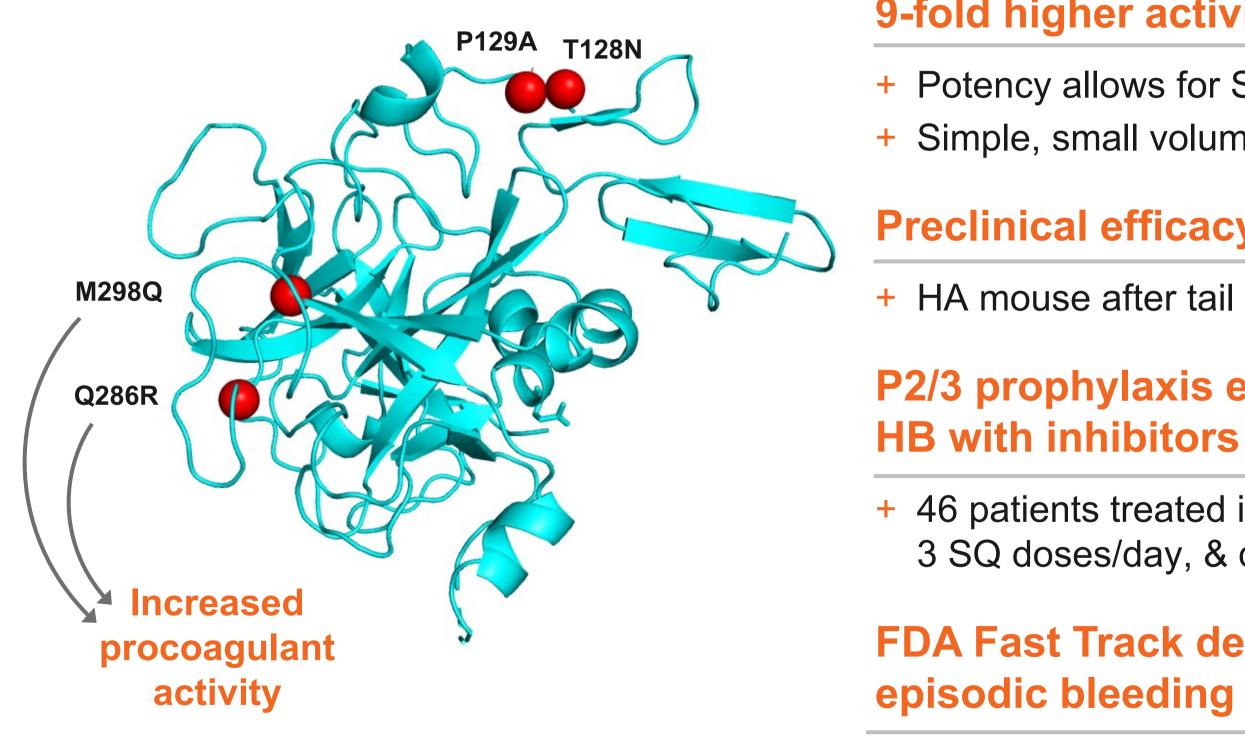
Achieved sustained







Marzeptacog alfa (activated) – MarzAA: SQ rFVIIa Addresses a clear unmet need in hemophilia & other bleeding disorders





9-fold higher activity vs NovoSeven RT

+ Potency allows for SQ dosing that prolongs half-life + Simple, small volume SQ administration

Preclinical efficacy of SQ episodic treatment

+ HA mouse after tail cut; HA dog; HA rat

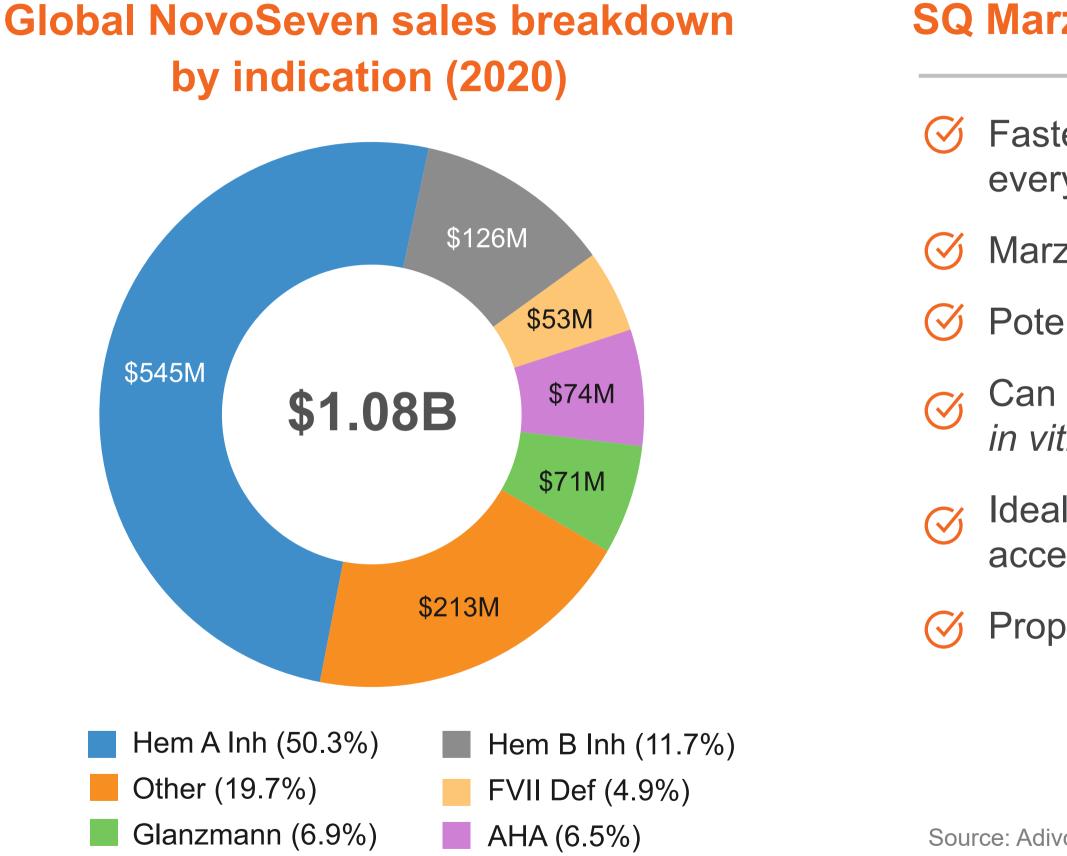
P2/3 prophylaxis efficacy & safety in HA or

+ 46 patients treated including: single dose IV, up to 3 SQ doses/day, & daily SQ up to 97 days – no ADA

FDA Fast Track designation for treatment of episodic bleeding in Hem A or B with inhibitors

Granted on 2 December 2020

SQ MarzAA is a large commercial opportunity



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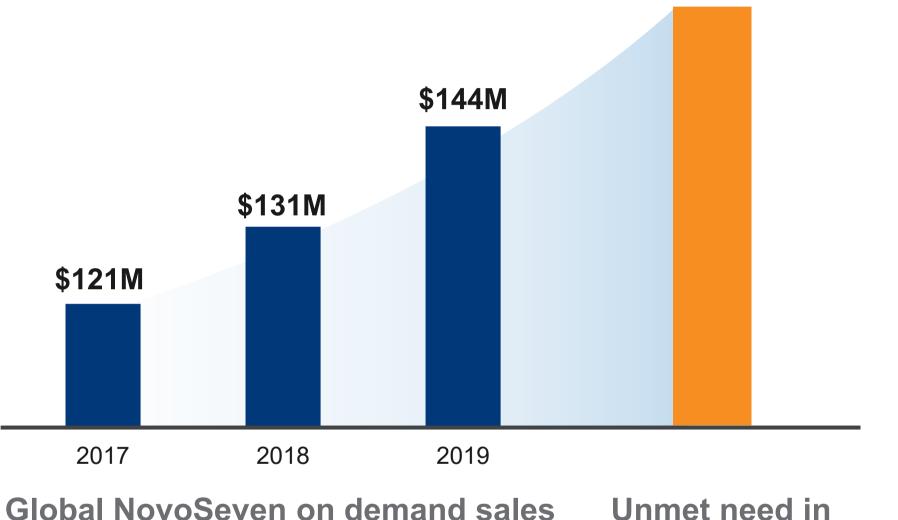


SQ MarzAA has a superior profile

- Faster & easier to administer vs N7 dosed every 2 hours IV until hemostasis
- MarzAA SQ half-life ~8x longer than N7
- Potential to control rebleeding
- Can be combined with Hemlibra in vitro without increased thrombogenicity
- Ideal for pediatrics and patients with venous access issues
- Prophylaxis efficacy demonstrated in P2

Source: Adivo Associates market research; Catalyst Biosciences market research. Data on file

MarzAA could be the first prophylaxis for Glanzmann & FVIID

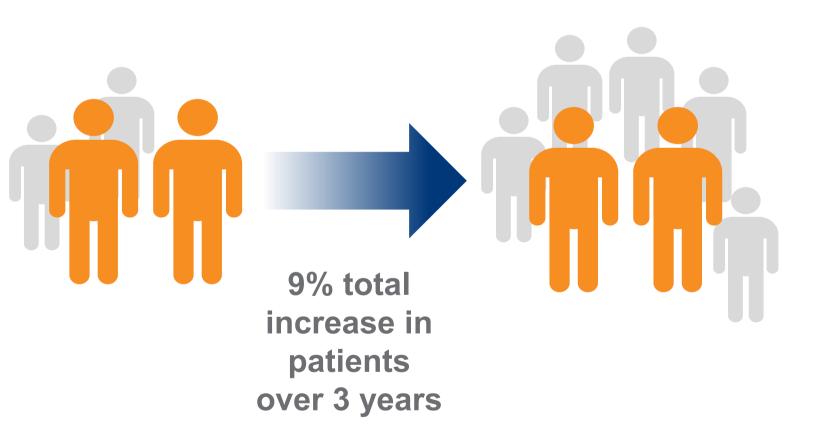


Glanzmann Thrombasthenia, FVIID prophylaxis

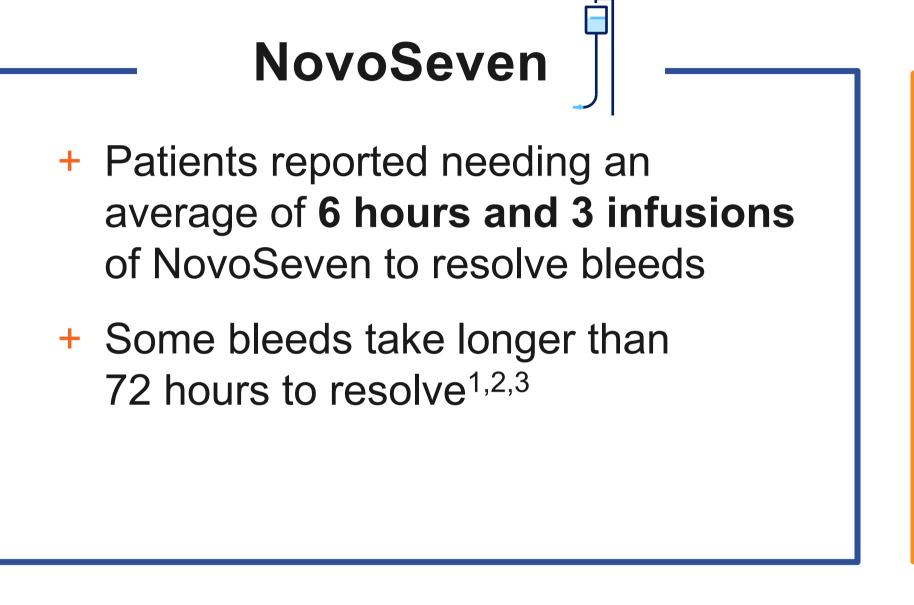
Source: Catalyst Biosciences, Adivo Associates Market Research, Data on file. *Note: 2019 estimates Treated patients may be counted multiple times as patients may have multiple bleeding events per year needing factor treatment



Growing number of Glanzmann Thrombasthenia and FVIID patients treated with NovoSeven



Unmet need in treatment of a bleed



Current bypass agents require multiple infusions over the course of hours

Source: ¹NovoSeven PI Rev 7/2020; ²Adivo Associates market research; ³Catalyst Biosciences market research; Data on file; Neuman *et al.* ISTH 2020





MAA-102: PK MarzAA levels support SQ ToB

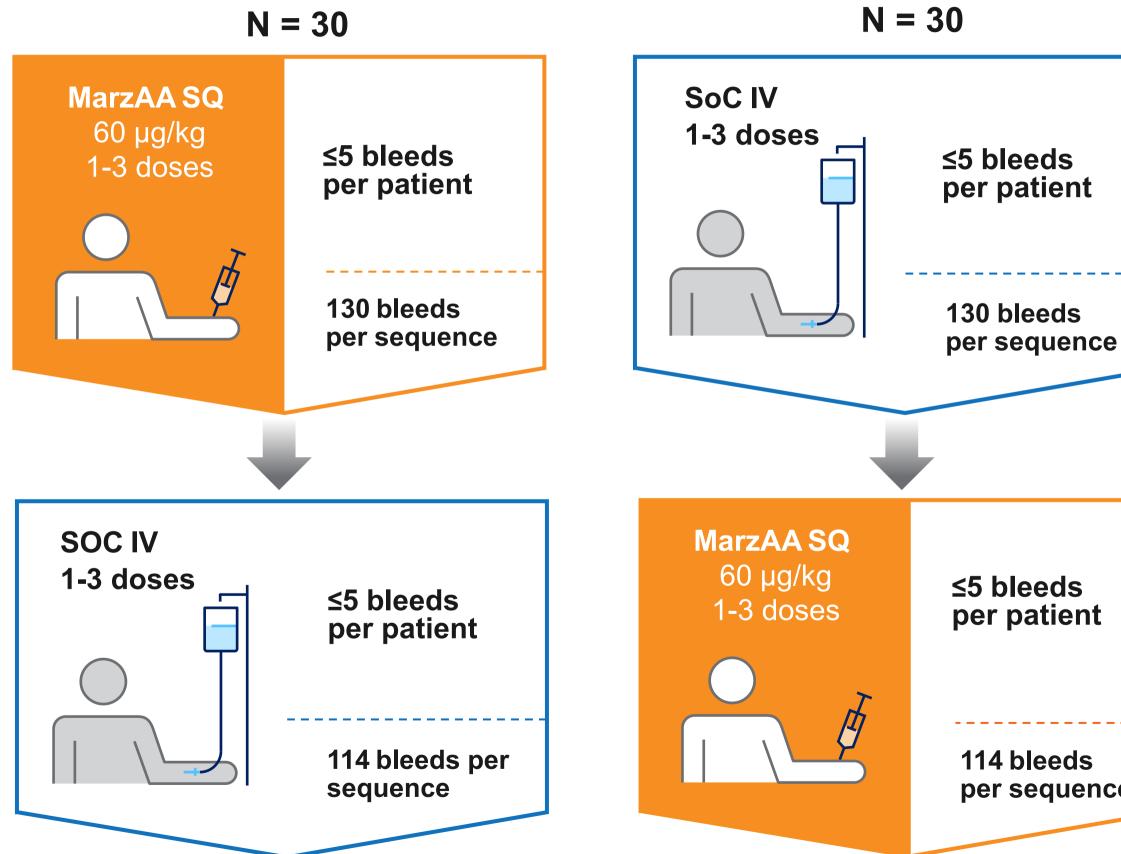
Target levels are **rapidly achieved**

 Target levels can be maintained for 18 hours with a single SQ dose of $60 \mu g/kg$

Clinical PK MarzAA levels support SQ ToB

Crimson 1 Phase 3 study: Treatment of episodic bleeding

Hemophilia A or B with inhibitors, ABR ≥ 8





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Primary endpoint

Non-inferior hemostatic efficacy: standard 4-point scale at 24 h

Secondary endpoints

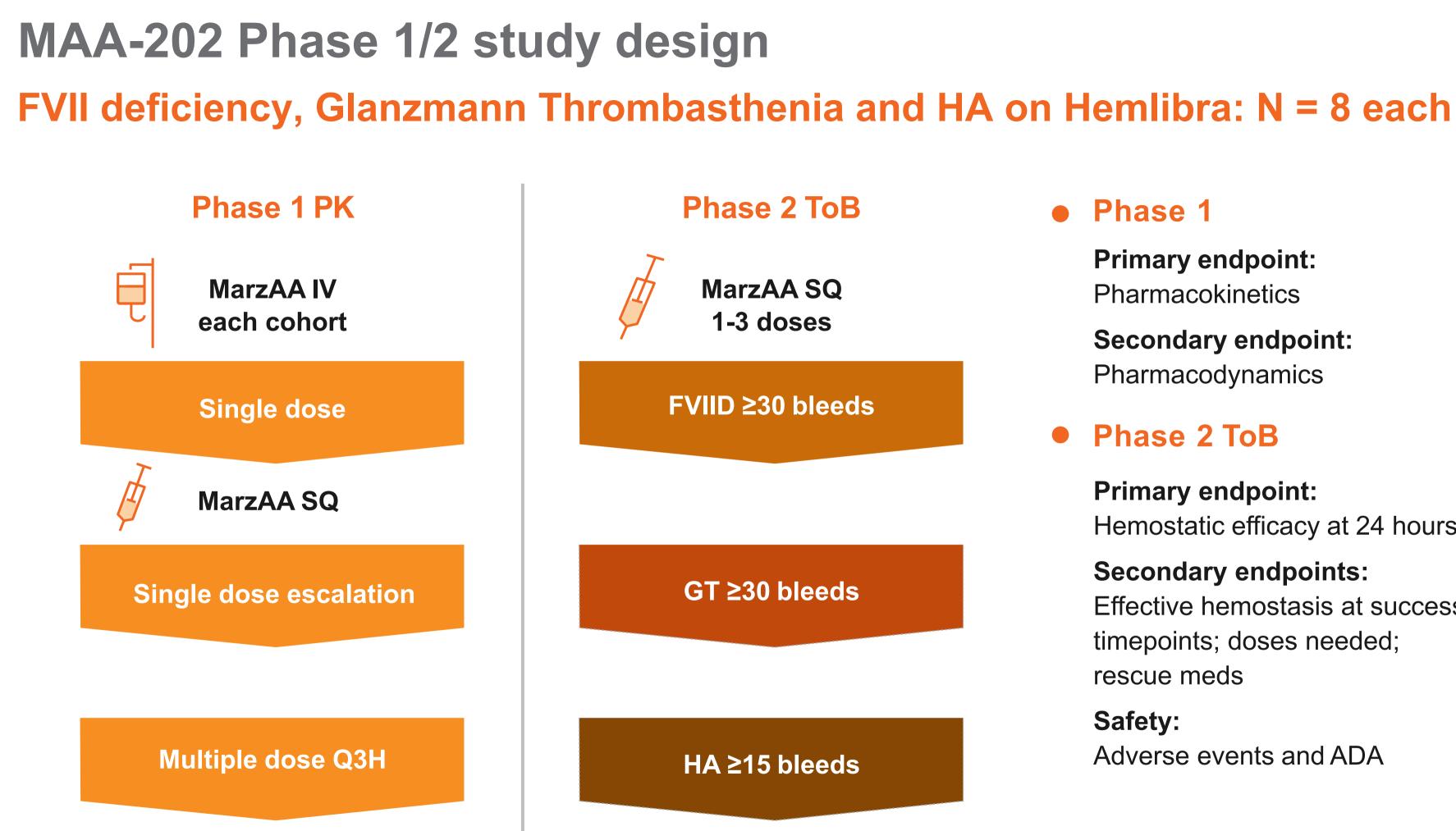
Time to bleed resolution; number of doses; rescue meds

Safety

Adverse events, anti-drug antibodies (ADA); thrombosis

Statistics D_n

- + SoC estimate 85% Excellent/good treatment of bleeds
- + Non-inferiority margin of **12%**
- + 2.5% significance, one-sided
- + 90% power





Phase 1

Primary endpoint: Pharmacokinetics

Secondary endpoint: Pharmacodynamics

Phase 2 ToB

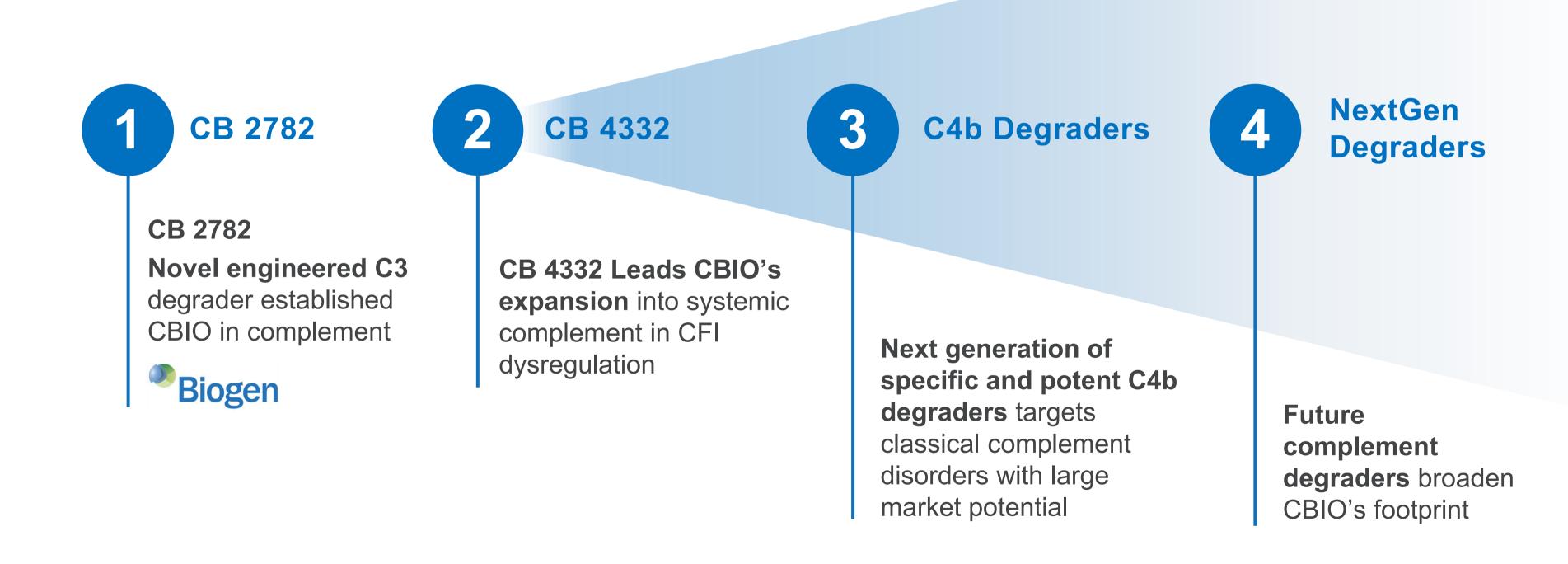
Primary endpoint: Hemostatic efficacy at 24 hours

Secondary endpoints: Effective hemostasis at successive

timepoints; doses needed; rescue meds

Safety: Adverse events and ADA

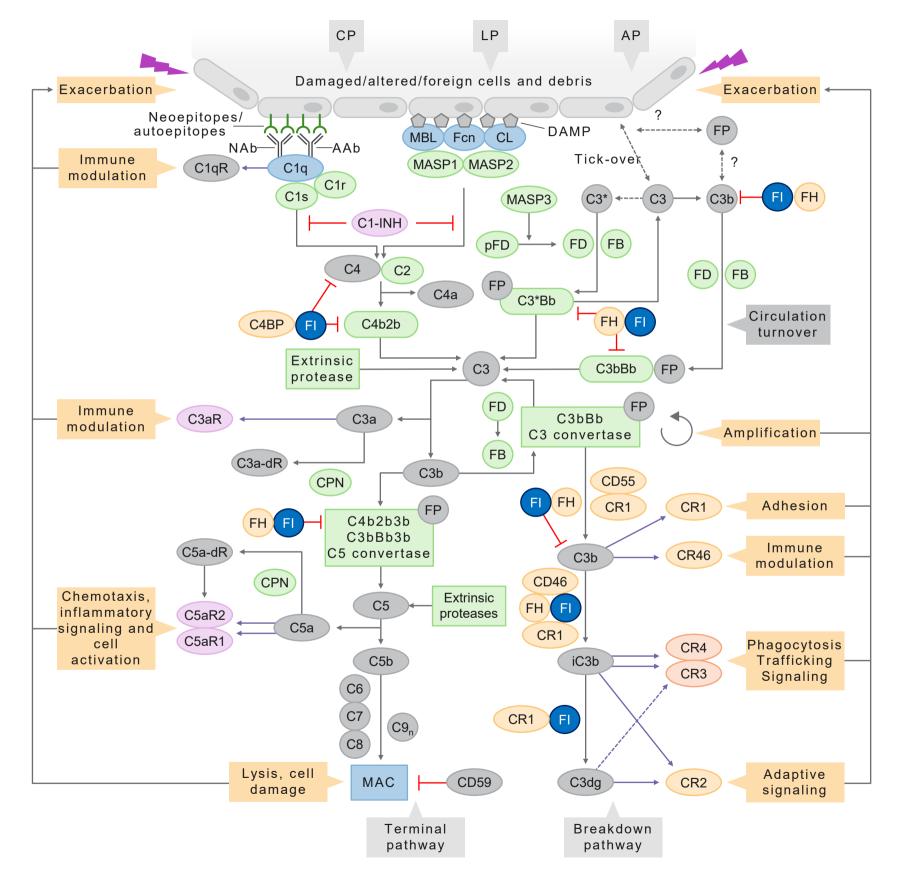
CBIO's complement pipeline



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Complement is a perfect fit to develop protease therapeutics The complement pathway is driven by a protease cascade







Reference: Figure adapted from Mastellos et al., Clinical promise of next-generation complement therapeutics. Nature Reviews. 2019

Complement plays a critical role in many diseases Late-stage complement therapies projected to achieve net sales over \$12B by 2026 Nephrology Infectious Disease Hematology/Oncology

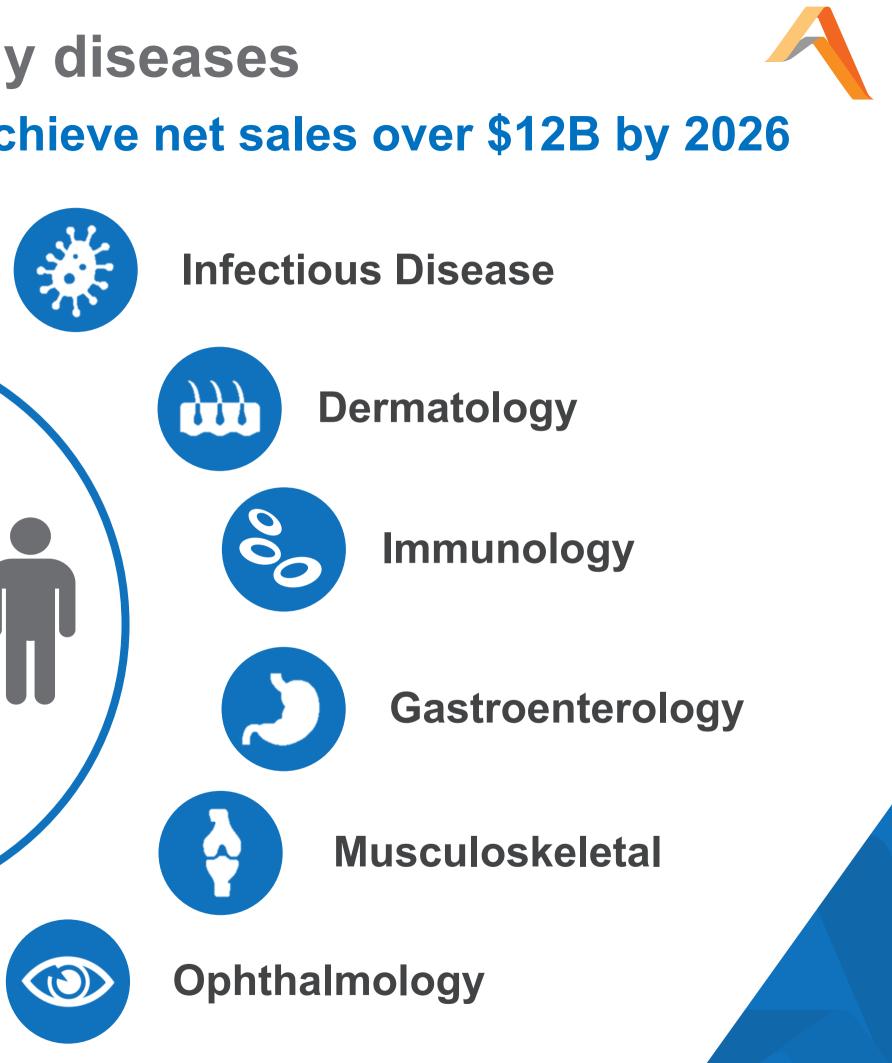
Pulmonology

Neurology

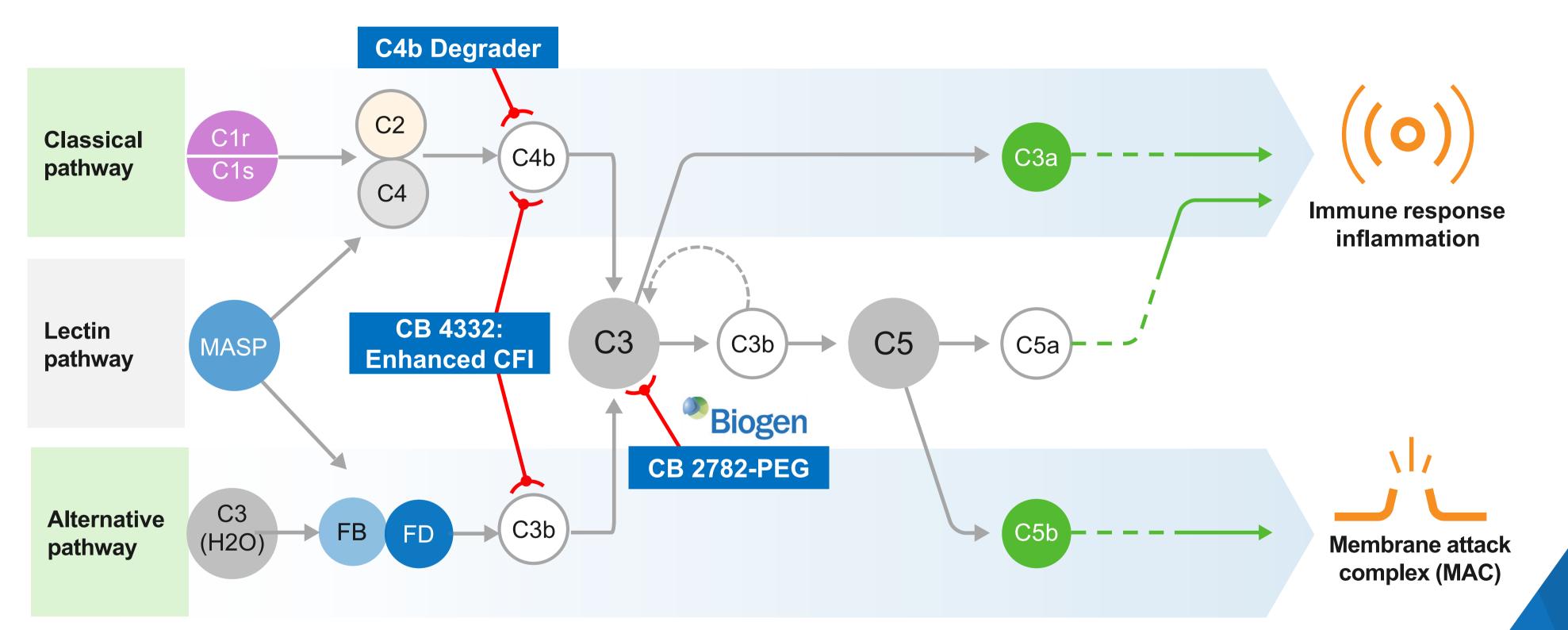
Endocrine/Metabolism

Cardiovascular

References: Globaldata consensus net sales forecast 2020 © Catalyst Biosciences



CBIO is taking a targeted approach to complement regulation Engineered proteases address the root cause of the pathology

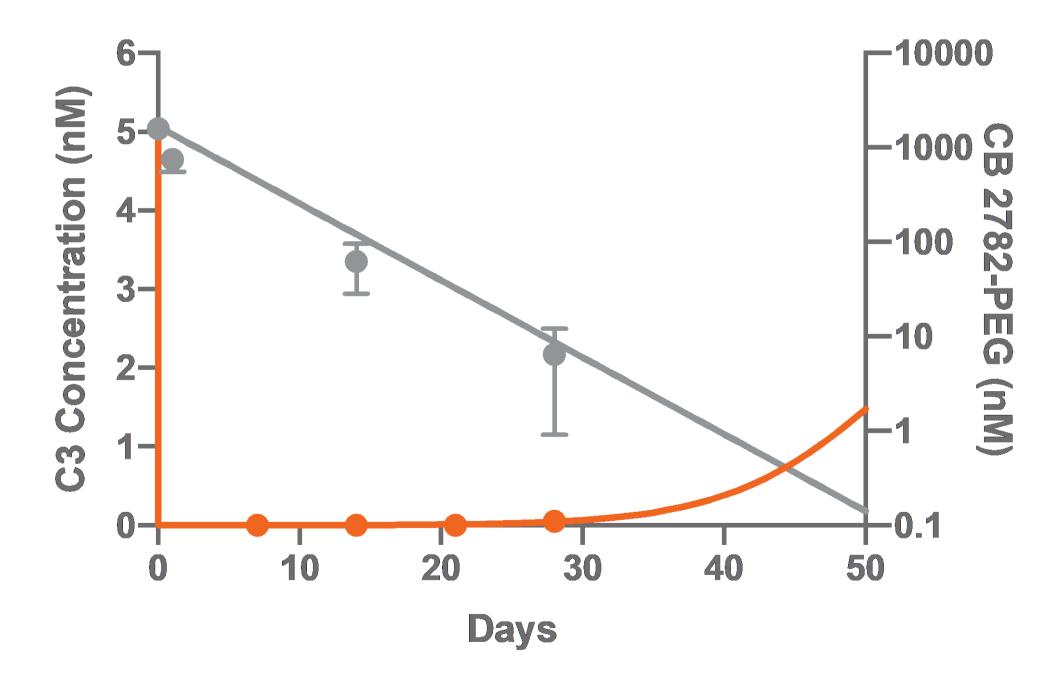


+ Current C5 blockade therapies do not address disease root cause leading to inadequate disease control + The catalytic power of proteases provides advantages over small molecules and antibodies



Protease advantage demonstrated in vivo CB 2782-PEG – designed as a best-in-class C3 degrader in dry AMD

CB 2782-PEG degrades C3 levels in the eye for at least 28 days in a non-human primate model







Catalytic advantage of proteases

- + One therapeutic molecule neutralizes 1000s
- + Fast & potent response
- Extended pharmacodynamic effect +
- Can activate or degrade +therapeutic targets
- + Engineered novel protein degraders "sweep away" difficult to drug targets

CB 2782-PEG long acting anti-C3 protease

Geographic atrophy in dry AMD can result in blindness

- + Advanced stage of dry age-related macular degeneration (dAMD)
- dAMD affects ~1M people in the US & >5M WW, no currently approved therapy +
- Global market ~ >\$5B +
- + C3 is a clinically validated target (randomized P2) for the treatment of dAMD

Best-in-class C3 degrader for dry AMD

- + Generated from Catalyst's proprietary protease engineering platform
- + Potent, selective & long acting, degrades C3 into inactive fragments
- + Preclinical NHP PK & PD data* predict best-in-class human intravitreal dosing 3 or 4 times a year

Biogen collaboration

- + \$15M upfront, up to \$340M in milestones and tiered royalties up to low double digits
- + Catalyst: fully funded pre-clinical and manufacturing activities
- + Biogen: IND-enabling activities, WW clinical development & commercialization

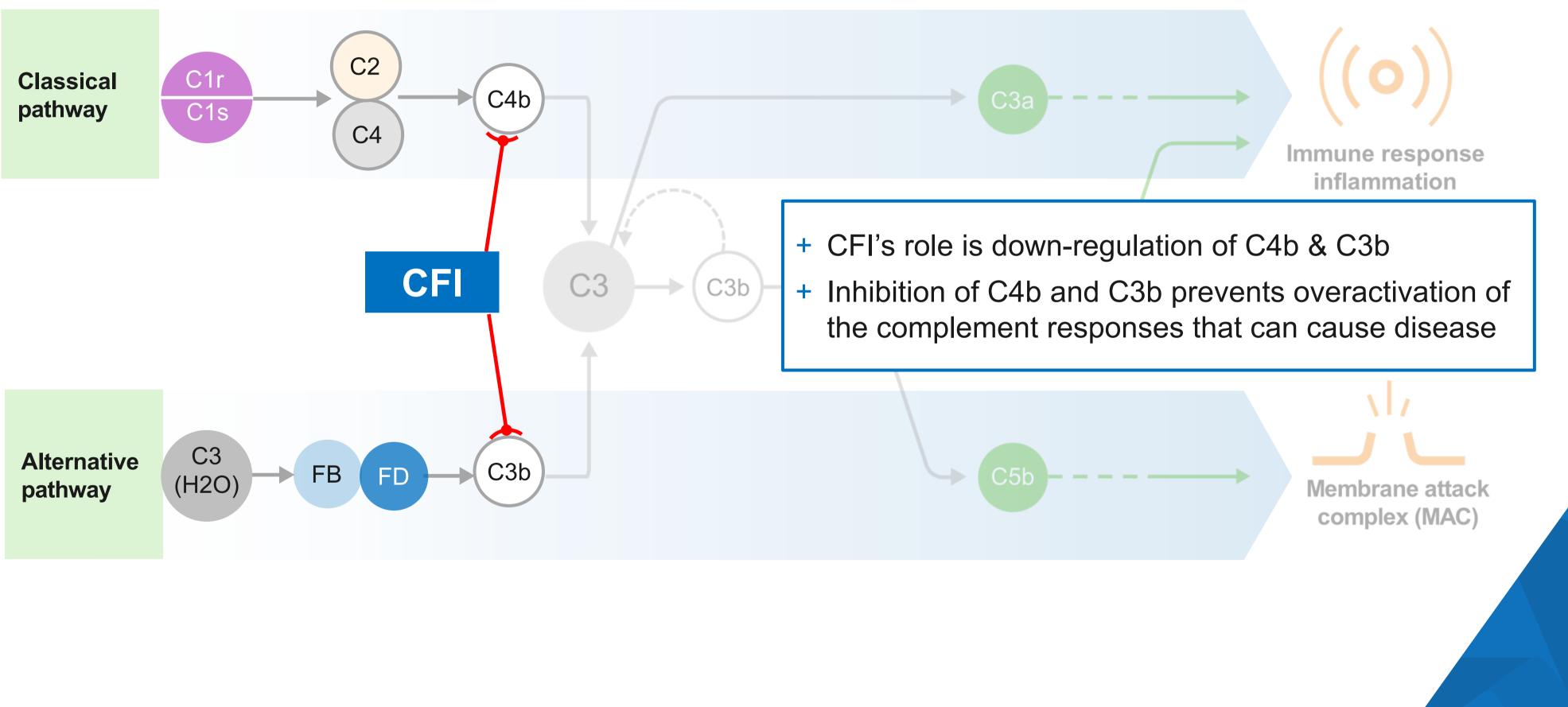






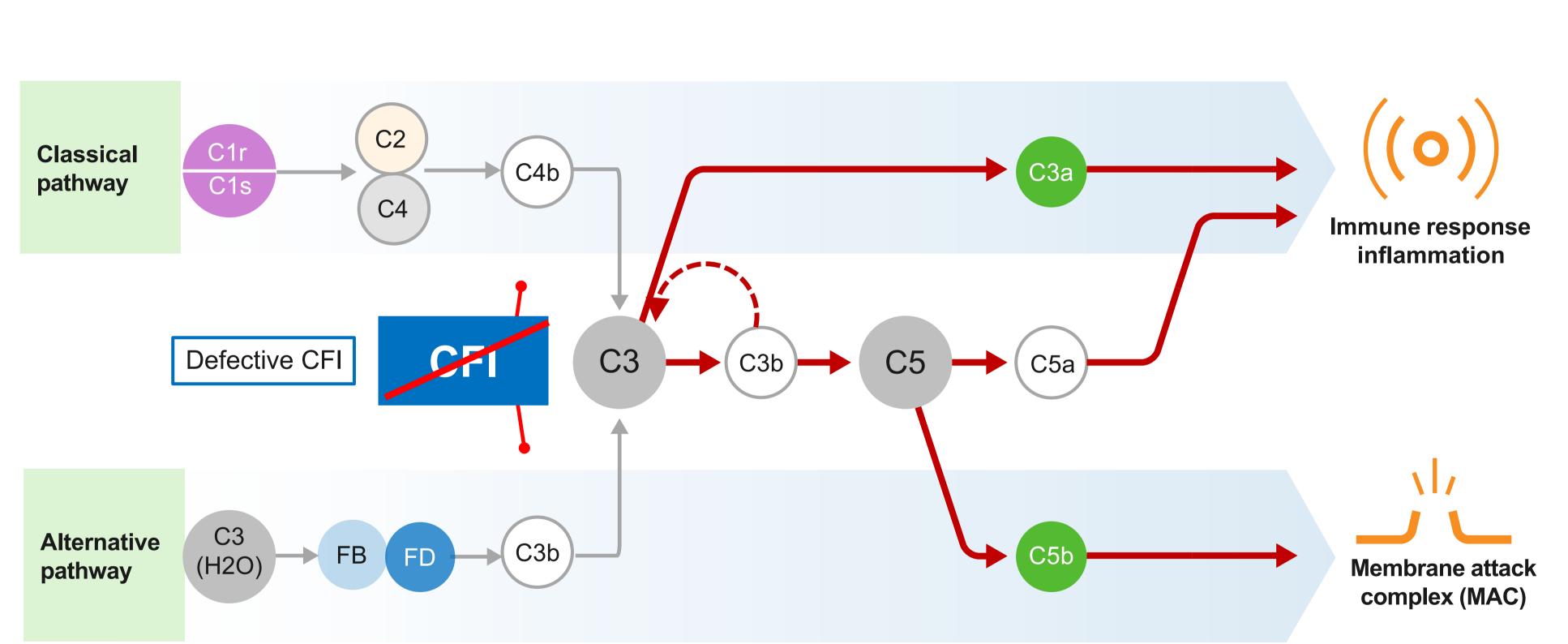


Normal CFI: Key central regulator of complement activation





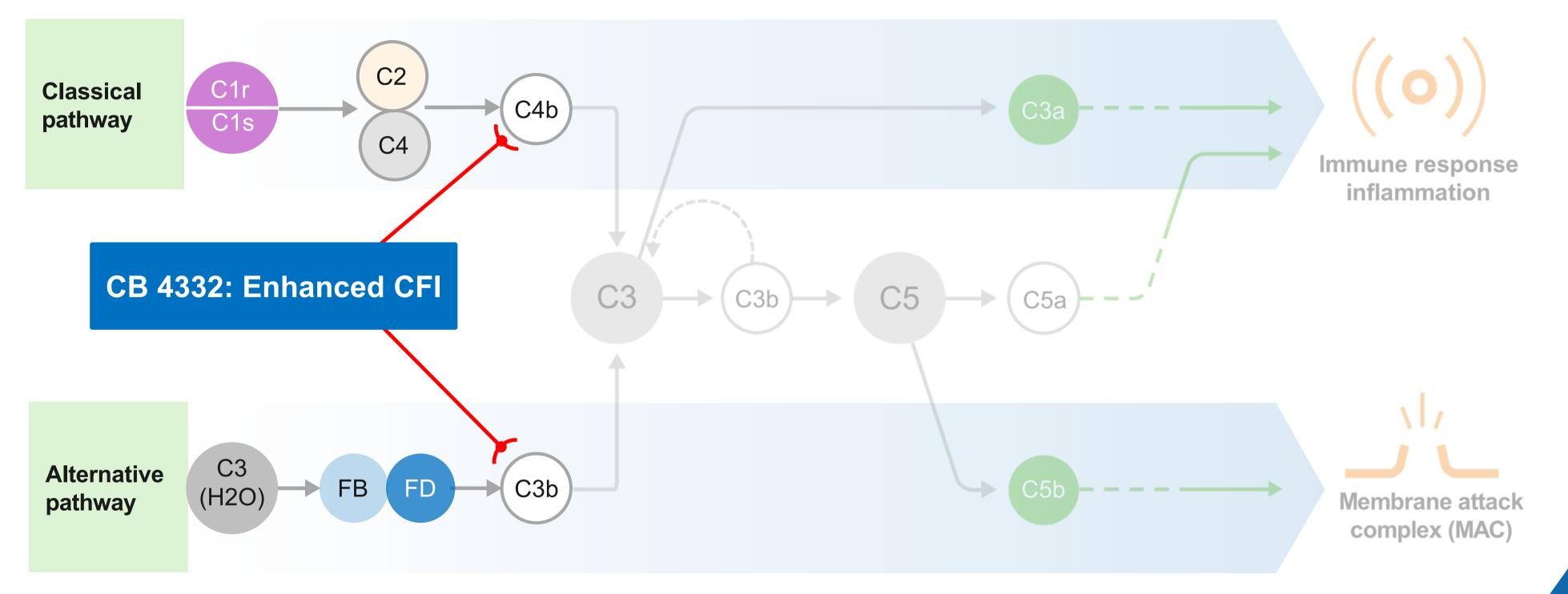
CFI dysregulation: Lack of proteolytic CFI activity causes disease



- + In patients with CFI mutations, C4b and C3b cannot be sufficiently regulated
- + Dysregulation leads to overactivation of the complement pathway and damaging immune responses

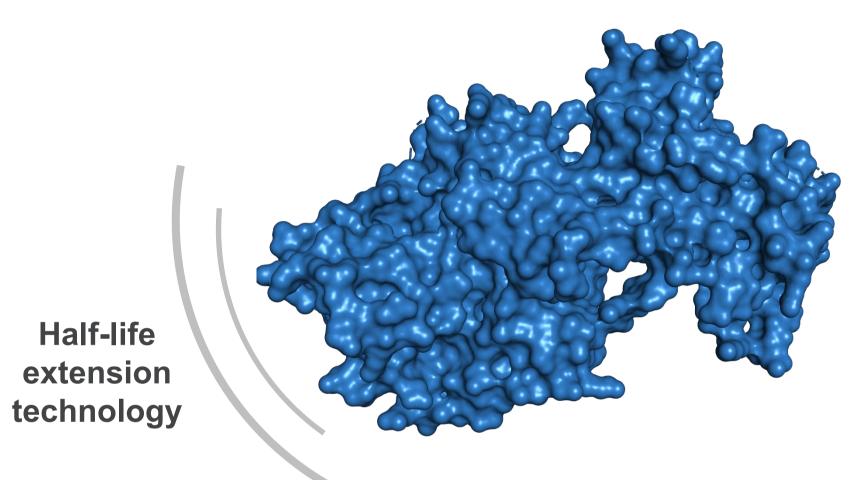
CB 4332 – CBIO's enhanced CFI

Specifically addresses the problem by restoring CFI regulation





CB 4332: Enhanced Complement Factor I CBIO's next SQ development candidate to restore CFI regulation



+ Engineered for an extended half-life

Once weekly SQ therapy – no PEG

+ Full activity comparable to native CFI

- Classical and alternative pathway regulation
- + Efficient high yield production process

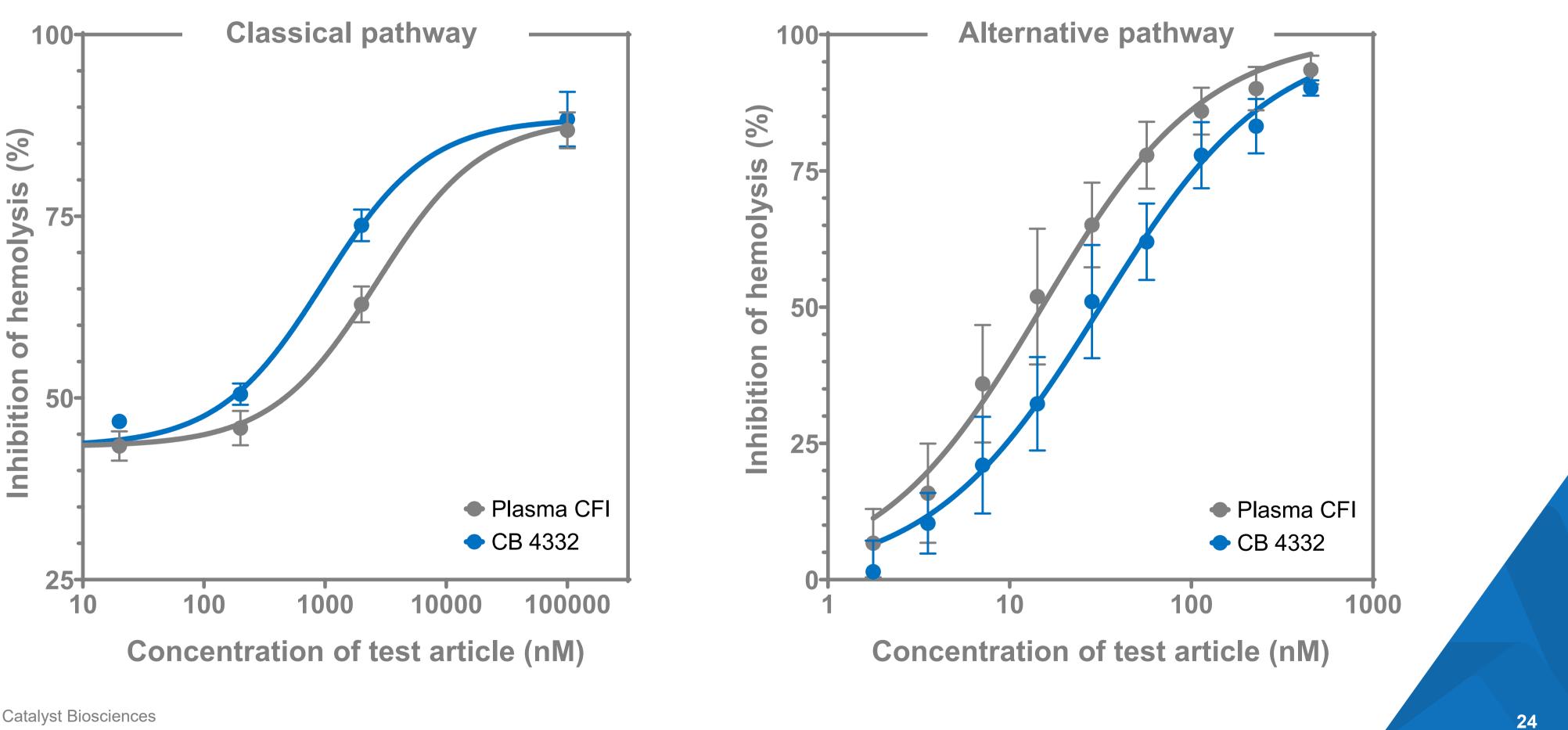
References: ¹Bienaime *et al*. Kidney Int. 2010; ²Ferreira *et al*. Nefrologia. 2016; Note: CFH = Complement factor H; Structural model based on PDB 2XRC.



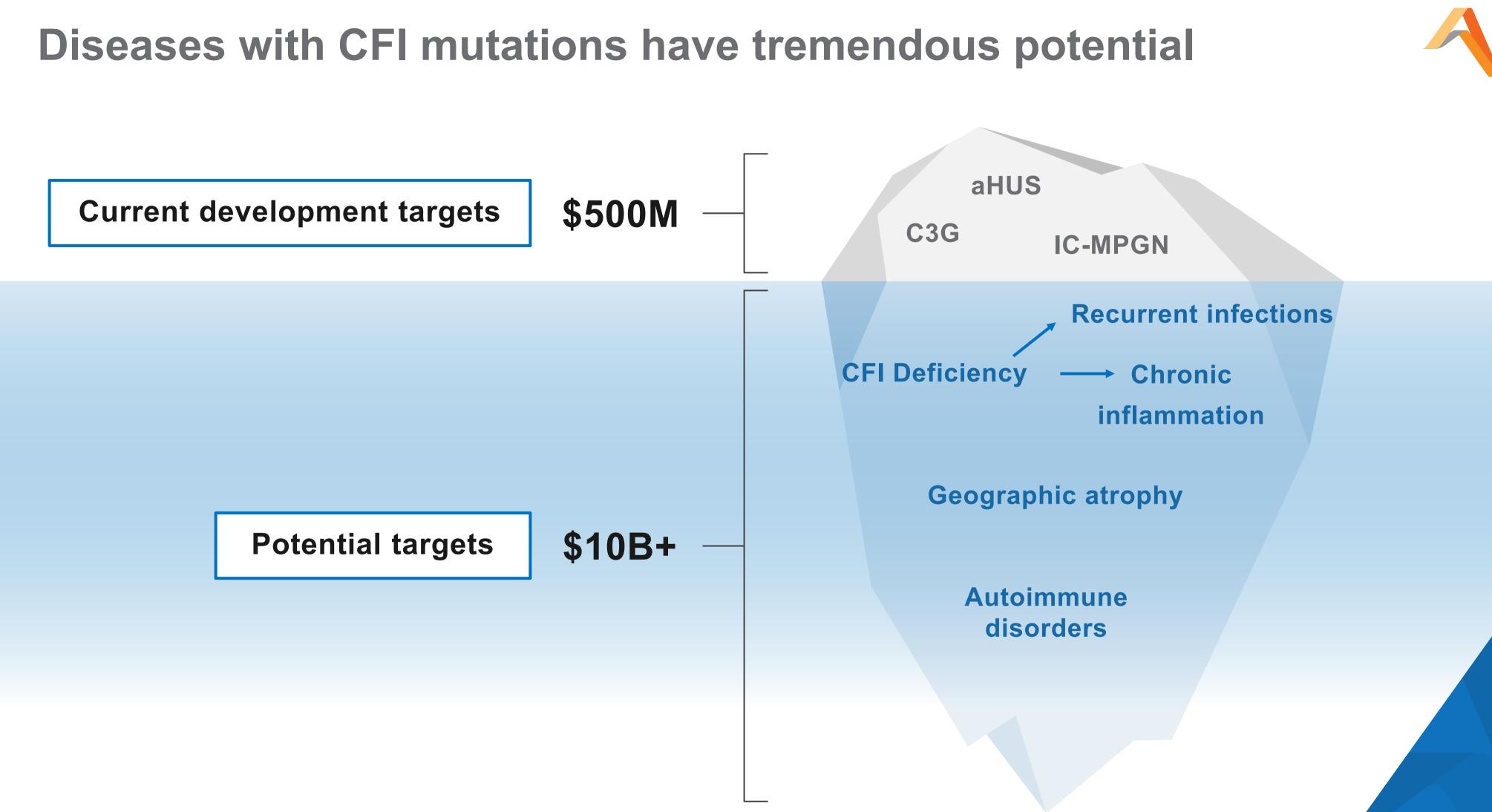
Rationale & unmet need

- + Restores normal complement system in patients with dysregulated CFI
- + No specific therapies exist to correct CFI dysregulation
- Targets population with no
 treatment or who respond poorly
 to current treatments^{1,2}
- + Genetically defined patient population

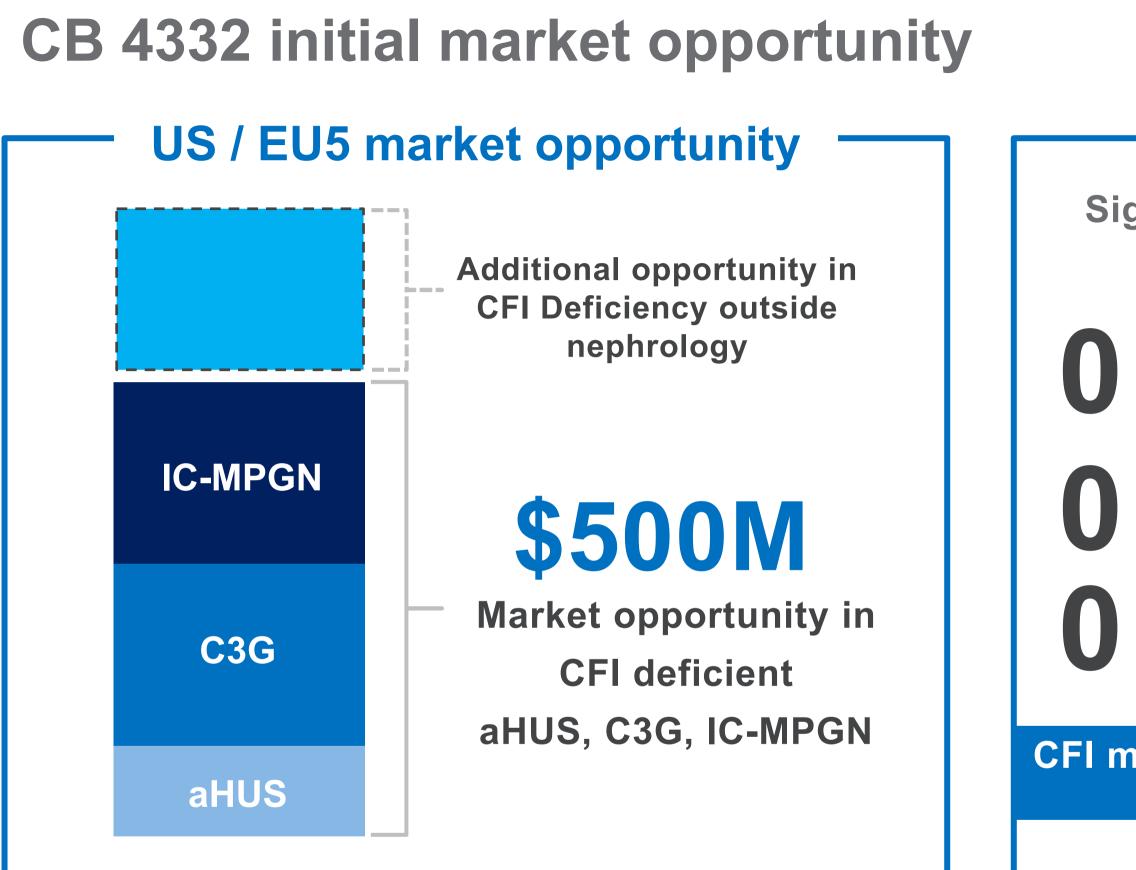
CB 4332 & plasma CFI perform similarly in human serum







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Note: aHUS = atypical Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome, C3G = Complement 3 Glomerulopathy, IC-MPGN = Immune-Complex Membranoproliferative Glomerulonephritis, CFID = Complement Factor I Deficiency

References: Bresin *et al.* JASN. 2013; Fremeaux-Bacchi *et al.* ASN. 2013; Rui-Ru *et al.* Jour Rare Dis Res. 2018; Servais *et al.* Kidney Int. 2012; Iatropoulous *et al.* Mol Immunol. 2016; Hou *et al.* Kidney Int. 2014; Alba-Domiguez *et al.* J rare Dis. 2012. El Sissy *et al.* Front. Immunol. 2019; Shields *et al.* Front Immunol. 2019; Naesens *et al.* Jour Allergy & Clin Immunol. 2020. Yan *et al.* Clin Epi 2020; Smith *et al.* Nature Reviews. 2019; Noris *et al.* Clin J Am Soc Nephrol. 2010; CBIO KOL interviews



Unmet needs

Significant opportunity for patients with CFI mutations

- Specific systemic therapies in development for patients with dysregulated CFI
- Therapies addressing the root cause of disease
- Approved treatments for C3G, IC-MPGN, CFID

CFI mutations are significant drivers of disease

CB 4332 – CFI deficiency screening & observational study Natural history of CFI deficient patients for subsequent CB 4332 treatment

Screen

Patients with recurrent bacterial infection, autoimmune, immune complex-mediated disease

Study / Observational Period (6 m)

≥ 24 Subjects (male/female) ≥ 12 years of age identified in screening study

Follow-up

End of Study

Planned Phase 1/2 Study

• Primary Objective

Demonstrate the phenotypic manifestation of CFI deficiency in recurrent bacterial infection, autoimmune, immune complex-mediated disease as a prelude to a Phase 1/2 study

• Secondary Objectives

Monitor efficacy / disease status over time during SoC Monitor safety and tolerability of SoC Record dosing and compliance with SoC Monitor QoL measures

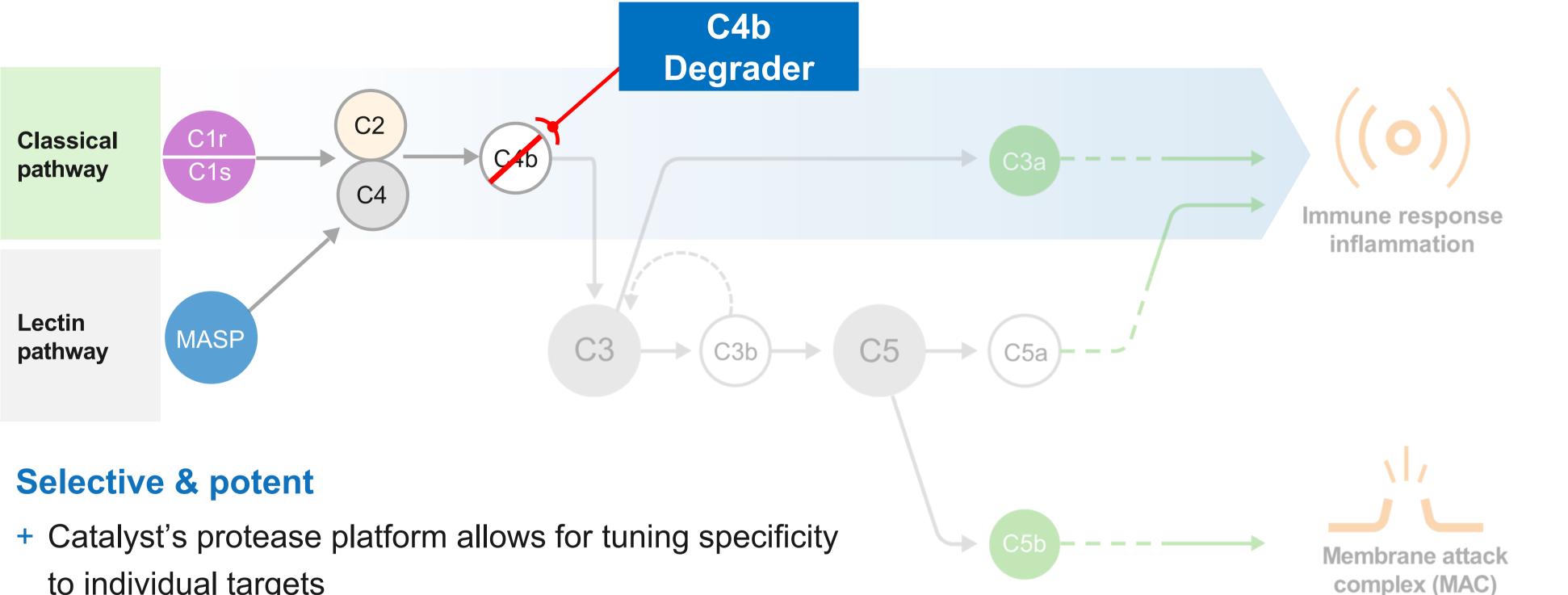
• Timeline

Observational stage to start enrollment mid-2021 Global phase 1/2 in patients with CFI deficiency expected in 2022 Intend to pursue an accelerated approval regulatory path





CBIO C4b degrader complement therapy



- to individual targets
- + Leverages CB 4332 protease scaffold & efficient high yield production process
- + No competitors specifically targeting C4b or planning a weekly SQ injection
 - Approaches targeting C1q and C1s with antibodies require substantial & frequent IV dosing





C4b degraders target multiple high unmet need diseases US & EU5 patient opportunity







Nephrology



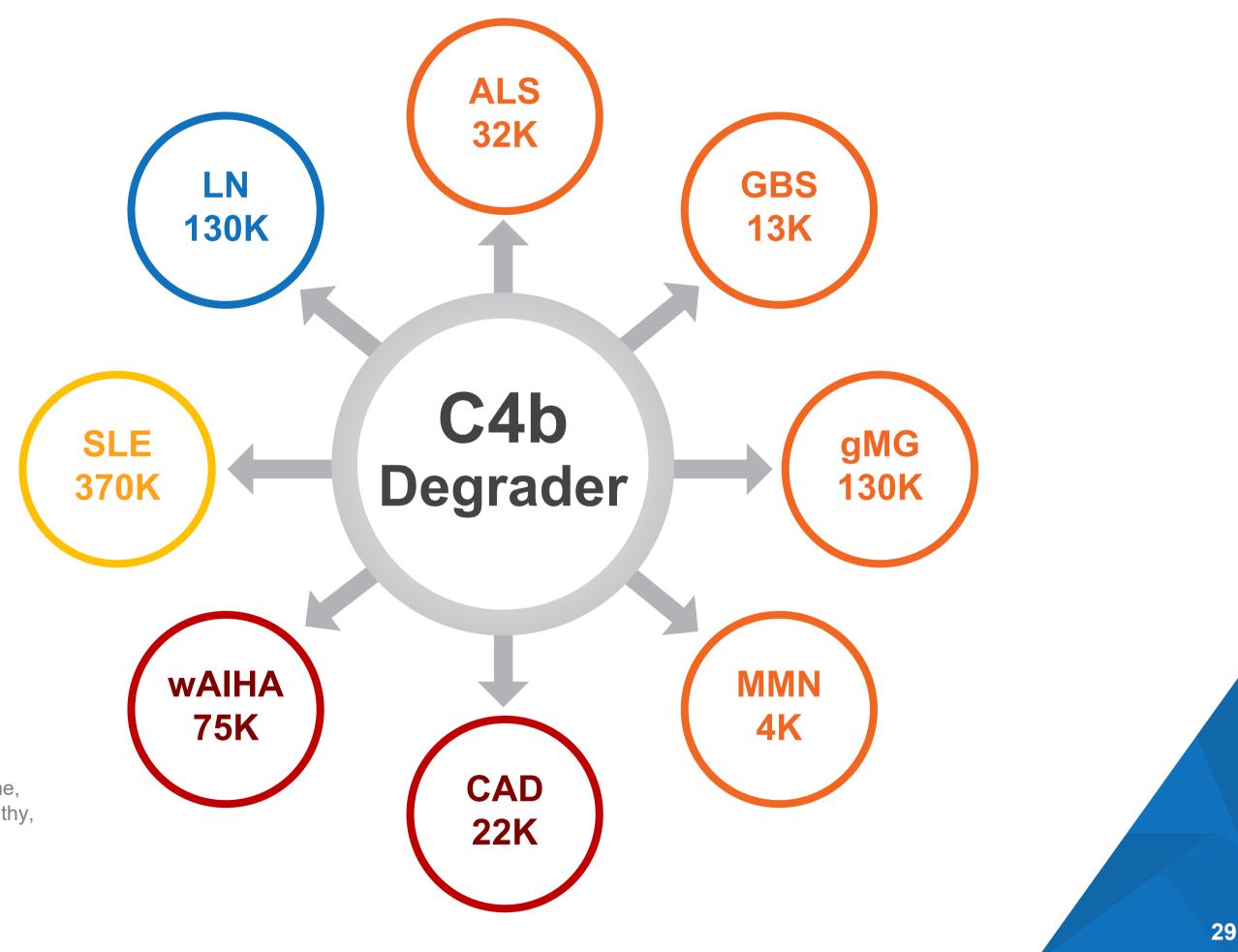
Immunology



Hematology

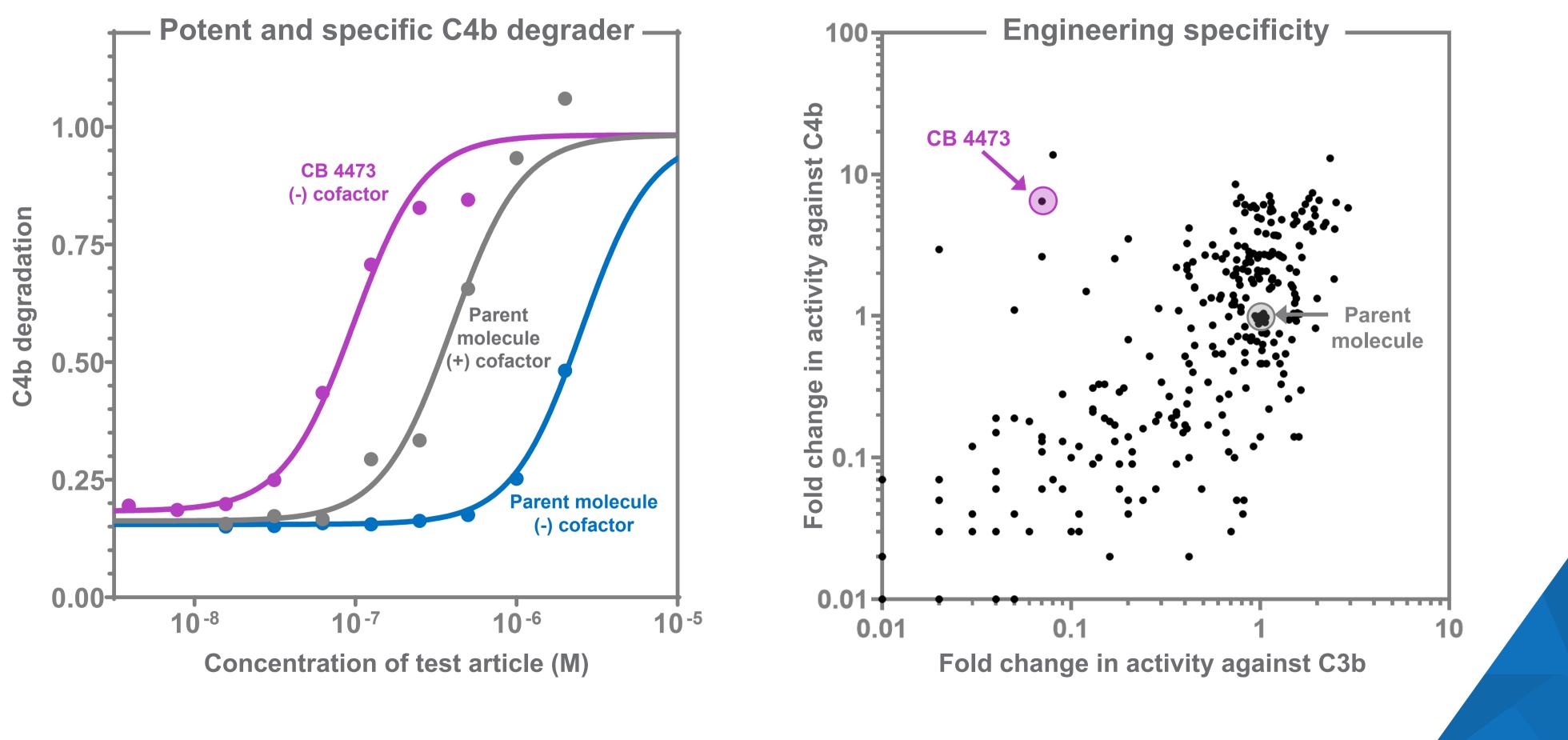


Note: ALS = Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, GBS = Guillain-Barré syndrome, gMG = Generalized Myasthenia Gravis, MMN = multifocal motor neuropathy, CAD = Cold agglutinin disease, wAIHA = warm Autoimmune hemolytic anemia, SLE = Systemic lupus erythematosus, LN = Lupus Nephritis, References: Data on file



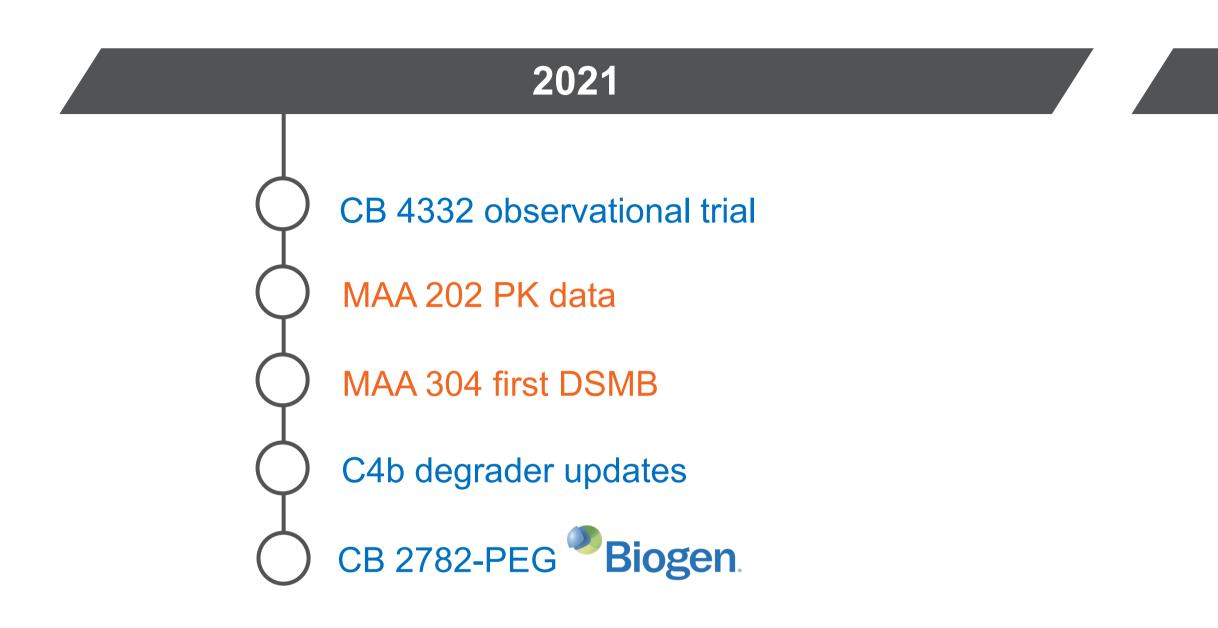


CB 4473 demonstrates engineered C4b potency & specificity





Milestones









2022

MAA 304 final DSMB

MAA 304 ToB data

MAA 202 ToB data

CB 4332 P1/2

C4b degrader updates

CB 2782-PEG Biogen



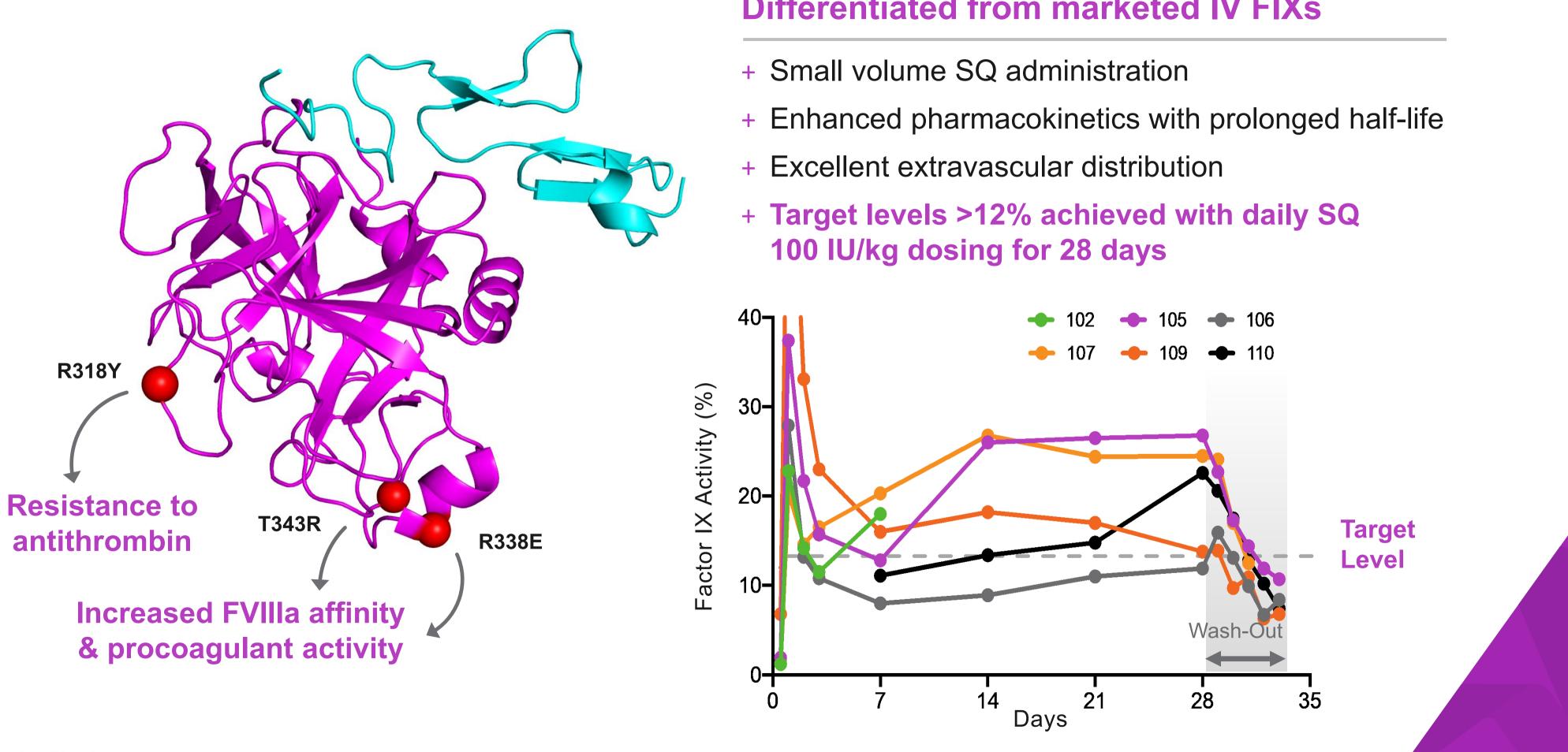
THANK YOU

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DalcA P2b demonstrated efficacy & safety

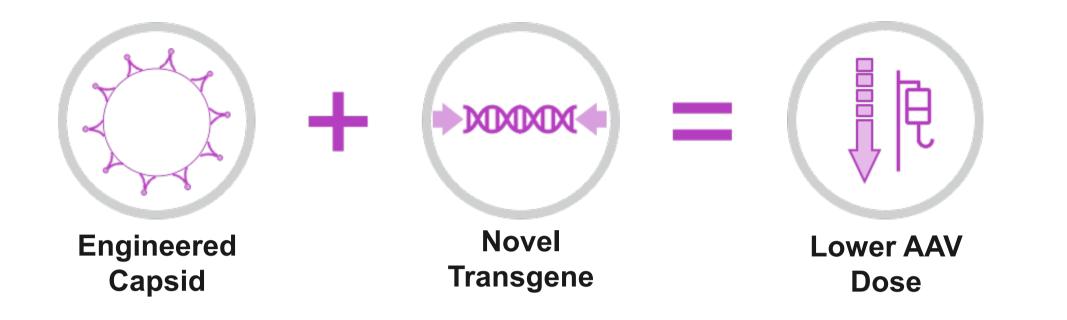




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Differentiated from marketed IV FIXs

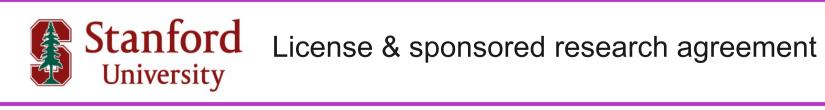
Catalyst's CB 2679d gene therapy for hemophilia B



FIX Transgene	AAV Capsid	Study Dose (vg/kg)	FIX Activity (U/mL)
CB 2679d-GT	Novel Chimeric	8.0x10 ¹⁰	20
Padua	TAK-748 [*]	7.4x10 ¹¹	20
Padua	TAK-748 [*]	7.4x10 ¹⁰	1

*Weiller et al. (2019) Blood Vol. 134, Supplement S1 P4633

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CB 2679d-GT has a superior profile vs Padua in preclinical studies

- + Stable high activity levels with 1/10th vector dose in mouse model
- + 4 to 5-fold reduction in bleeding time when compared to the Padua
- + Potential for improved efficacy & safety at 1-2 log reduced dose

- + Presented at World Federation of Hemophilia Virtual Summit 2020
- + Additional vector optimization & dose ranging studies ongoing

Wholly-owned & issued patents covering gene therapy